

ISD4000

Depth & Temperature Sensor

With Optional AHRS



Installation & Operation Manual

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Impact**Subsea**

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Every effort is made to ensure that information within this document is up to date. However, information within this document is subject to change without notice, in-line with our commitment to continuous product development and improvement.

1.0 Introduction

The ISD4000 sensor provides depth and temperature measurement with exceptional accuracy and resolution. Optionally, the ISD4000 can also measure Heading, Pitch & Roll.

Suitable for a large range of underwater applications, the ISD4000 can be used with ROVs, AUVs, Hydro-graphic Survey, Construction, Positioning and any other task where accurate depth and temperature is required underwater.

The ISD4000 utilises the latest in temperature compensated piezo-resistive depth sensing technology, to provide an exceptional 0.01% full scale depth measurement accuracy. A highly accurate RTD sensor is used to provide temperature to 0.1°C accuracy (optionally to 0.01°C).

Where fitted, the Heading, Pitch and Roll readings are provided from integrated MEMs based Magnetometers, Accelerometers and Gyroscopes. The MEMs based devices are fused together to provide highly accurate and stable Heading, Pitch and Roll measurements.

Housed in a compact and lightweight titanium or acetal housing ensures that the ISD4000 is not only at the forefront of sensor technology; but is built to withstand the most extreme underwater environments.

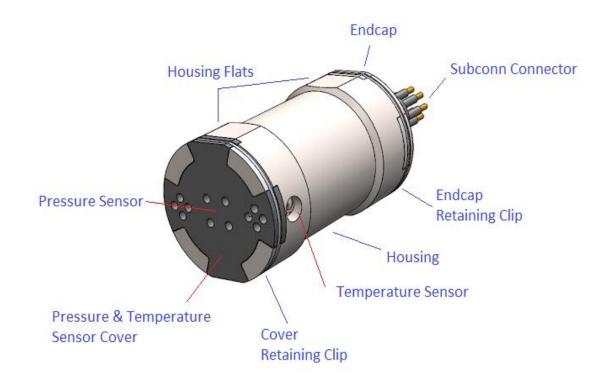


ISD4000 Depth & Temperature Sensor

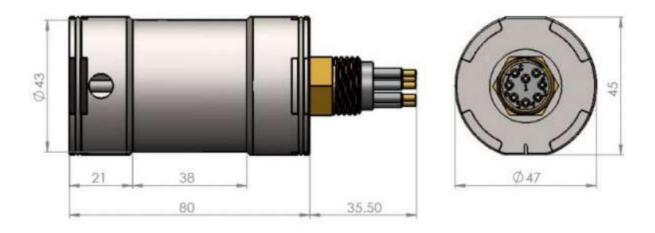
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2.0 Specification

2.1 ISD4000 Overview



2.2 ISD4000 Dimensions



All dimensions are in mm.

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2.3 Depth, Temperature & AHRS

Depth		Pitch & Roll*	
± 0.01% Full Scale (± 0.005% Full Scale Option)	Pitch	± 90°	
	Roll	± 180°	
0.001% Full Scale	Accuracy	0.2° RMS	
10, 30, 50, 100, 300, 400 or 600 Bar	Resolution	0.1°	
Temperature Compensated Piezo- Resistive			
0.1°C (0.01°C Option)			
0.001°C			
Heading*			
± 1°			
0.1°			
	(± 0.005% Full Scale Option) 0.001% Full Scale 10, 30, 50, 100, 300, 400 or 600 Bar Temperature Compensated Piezo- Resistive 0.1°C (0.01°C Option) 0.001°C	(± 0.005% Full Scale Option) Roll 0.001% Full Scale Accuracy 10, 30, 50, 100, 300, 400 or 600 Bar Resolution Temperature Compensated Piezo- Resistive Resolution 0.1°C (0.01°C Option) 0.001°C ± 1° *	(± 0.005% Full Scale Option) Roll ± 180° 0.001% Full Scale Accuracy 0.2° RMS 10, 30, 50, 100, 300, 400 or 600 Bar Resolution 0.1° Temperature Compensated Piezo- Resistive 0.1° ************************************

2.4 Communications, Power & Physical

Communicatio	ns & Power	Physical	
Digital	RS232 & RS485	Weight (Air/Water)	Titanium: 0.42 / 0.28kg Acetal: 0.20 / 0.10kg
Protocol	4800 to 115200 baud	Depth Rating	Titanium: 6,000 meters Acetal: 500 meters
Data	Continuous or on demand	Temperature	Calibrated: -5 to 35° Operating: -10 to 60° Storage: -20 to 70°
Data Rate	Up to 100Hz	Connector	Subconn MCBH8M-SS fitted as standard
Input Voltage	7 to 32V DC		
Power	32mA @ 24V DC		

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3.0 Overview

The ISD4000 is a pressure measurement device – making use of increasing pressure in water to determine depth. It is important to note that the device is designed to provide depth & temperature measurements in water, and will not provide accurate readings when operated in air.

The Heading, Pitch and Roll readings are provided by a Micro-Electro-Mechanical system (MEMS) based technology. MEMs based Gyros, Accelerometers and Magnetometers are integrated within the unit.

The temperature reading is provided by a dedicated RTD sensor, located in a probe next to the pressure sensor.

The ISD4000 can be configured using the supplied Impact Subsea seaView software. seaView allows all settings to be configured (output strings, communications protocol, baud rate, taring etc).

In addition to allowing the ISD4000 to be configured, seaView also allows all sensor readings to be viewed in real time and logged.

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4.0 Installation

4.1 Location

When evaluating the installation location of the ISD4000, there are several factors to consider to achieve optimum operation from each part of the unit:

- Pressure (Depth Measurement)
 Magnetic Disturbers (Heading)
- Alignment with Vehicle (Pitch/Roll)
- Heat Sources (Temperature Measurement)

4.1.1 Pressure (For Depth Accuracy)

The ISD4000 pressure port must not be blocked or obstructed by any item. Take care when mounting the unit not to block any of the holes on the pressure port of the ISD4000.

The unit should be mounted to allow good water flow to the pressure sensor.

Ideally the ISD4000 should be mounted with the pressure sensor end pointing downwards. This will help to minimise the build-up of sediment on the pressure sensor.

4.1.2 Magnetic Disturbers (For Heading Accuracy)

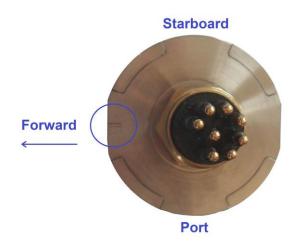
Where the heading output is to be used, the ISD4000 should be mounted as far as possible from sources of magnetic interference.

Electrical items which can cause magnetic interference include motors, transformers and valve packs. Ferrous metals, or any other magnetically active materials will also have influence on the heading reading. Thus, where possible, the unit should be installed as far as possible from magnetically active materials.

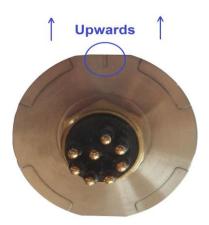
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4.1.3 Alignment with Vehicle (For Pitch/Roll Accuracy)

When mounting **vertically**, the ISD4000 should be mounted with the Pressure Sensor facing downwards (to the seabed) and the indentation in the connector end cap pointing forwards, in the direction of forward vehicle travel:



When mounting **horizontally** the ISD4000 should be installed with the indentation in the connector end cap pointing upwards:



4.1.4 Heat Sources (For Temperature Accuracy)

In order for the ISD4000 to read the ambient temperature of the water, it should not be installed in close proximity of any heat sources (such as Hydraulic Power Packs).

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4.2 Mounting

The ISD4000 should be mounted using clamps around the mid-section of the body. The unit has a 38mm recess in the main body to enable a clamp to be tightened securely around the unit:



Ideally a non-metallic clamp should be used, however in the event that this is not possible, effort should be made to electrically isolate the clamp from the ISD4000 housing. This can be achieved by using rubber or plastic strips around the body of the ISD4000.

The ISD4000 has two flats, on either side of the body – these are to enable the unit to sit tightly against another flat surface if available. These flats also help prevent the unit moving when on the workbench for testing.

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4.3 Electrical

The ISD4000 is fitted with a SubConn MCBH8M-SS connector as standard. This will mate to a SubConn MCIL8F connector/cable assembly.

4.3.1 Connector Pin Out

The standard connector pin out is provided below:

Male Connector on ISD4000 Unit

Pin	Function	Mating Wire Colour
1	OVDC	Black
2	7-32VDC	White
3	Not Used	Red
4	Not Used	Green
5	0V Digital	Orange
6	Not Used	Blue
7	RS232 TX & RS485 A+	White/Black
8	RS232 RX & RS485 B-	Red/Black

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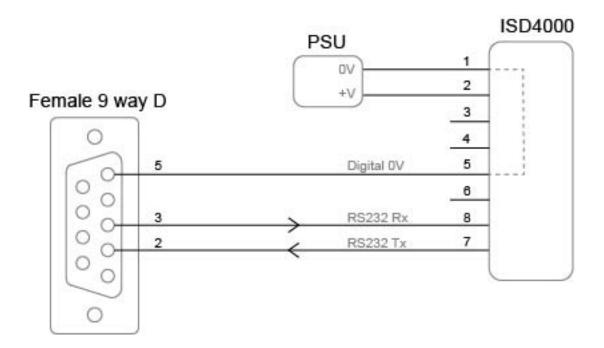
4.3.2 Power

The ISD4000 is polarity protected and fused with a 400mA resettable poly fuse. Internal circuitry isolates the supply from the outside environment requiring the serial interface to use the digital 0v reference pin.

4.3.3 Serial Interface

The RS232 and RS485 interface has in-line fused protection on the serial lines. A prolonged transient voltage on these lines will blow the surface mount fuses which will require replacement by Impact Subsea or an approved distributor.

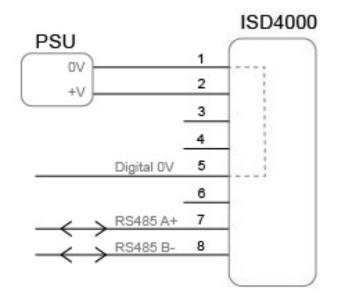
4.3.4 RS232 Wiring



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4.3.5 RS485 Wiring

The RS485 termination resistor is software selectable.

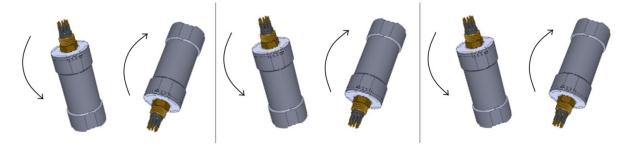


The digital OV must be connected on an RS485 interface, otherwise the voltage potential between one of the A+ or B- lines to ground could reach a damaging level INNOVATIVE UNDERWATER PRODUCTS

4.3.6 Establishing Communications

The default serial settings are RS232, 9600, N81

If the ISD4000 is tilted from vertical to upside down 3 times within the first 10 seconds of power up then it will temporarily configure the serial interface to the default and output an ASCII message with the settings.



Note: When the device is powered cycled the serial interface setting will revert back to the last configuration.

ISD4000 sensors which have firmware V3 and above can also be configured to **RS485**, **9600**, **N81**. This is done by inverting the sensor 6 times, starting within the first 10 seconds of applying power.

4.3.7 Connector Mating

When mating the cable to the SubConn connector, to maximise the life of the connector, it is important to observe the following:

- Always apply grease before mating. Molykote 44 Medium grease must be used.
- Disconnect by pulling straight, not at an angle.
- Do not pull on the cable and avoid sharp bends at cable entry.
- Do not over-tighten the bulkhead nut.

Do not expose the connector to extended periods of heat or direct sunlight. If a connector becomes very dry, it should be soaked in fresh water before use

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4.3.8 Connector Cleaning

General cleaning and removal of any accumulated sand or mud on a connector should be performed using spray based cleaner (for example Isopropyl Alcohol).

New grease must be applied again prior to mating.

5.0 **Operation**

5.1 Use With The Impact Subsea Software

The ISD4000 is supplied with the highly intuitive Impact Subsea seaView software on USB. The latest version of seaView can also be downloaded from www.impactsubsea.com.

The seaView software is designed to operate all of the Impact Subsea sensors. Single sensors can be operated, or multiple sensors together.

seaView is designed for use with a PC running the Windows 7, 8, 10 or 11 operating system and require Microsoft's .net framework 4.5.2 or above

The software uses an advance framed binary protocol to communicate to the ISD4000 and can do so over RS232 or RS485 at any standard baud rates above 4800. The parity must be none, stop bits 1 and data bits 8. If the ISD4000 communication settings differ from this then perform the comms reset as described in the establishing comms section of this manual.

All settings and offsets are saved to the ISD4000 device flash memory.

Note:

Firmware: If your ISD4000 has firmware version 3.0 or above, it will **only** operate with seaView V3.0 and above.

If your ISD4000 has an earlier version of firmware it will **only** operate with seaView 1.9.2 or earlier.

If you would like to upgrade the firmware of your ISD4000 to version 3.0 or newer, please contact Impact Subsea support. Please note that if upgrading to firmware V3.0 or newer, the firmware cannot be downgraded again.

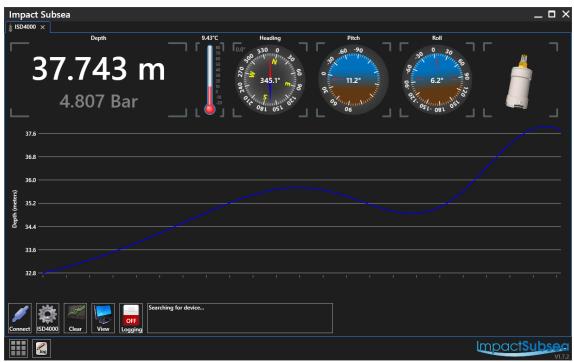
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seaView V3.0 ISD4000 Application



seaView V1.9.0 ISD4000 Application

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5.2 Integration With Systems

Conceptually there are two modes of operation, Interrogated and Autonomous.

Interrogation mode requires a master to request the ISD4000 to make a measurement and report this back.

The ISD4000 can be interrogated by the user defined interrogation string. Upon interrogation the ISD4000 will make a measurement and report back the result over the serial interface.

Autonomous mode will make a measurement and output the results at a specified time interval.

The ISD4000 can be configured to operate in one or both of these modes at the same time.

ISD4000's with the AHRS option make use of the same Interrogated and autonomous mechanisms to output heading pitch and roll data over the serial interface.

5.3 Calibration

The ISD4000 unit is supplied fully calibrated and should not require further calibration prior to use. The calibration interval is one year.

The unit can be calibrated using a standard deadweight tester, atmospheric pressure sensor and the ISD4000 calibration block. The calibration block is available from Impact Subsea.

Using the Impact Subsea Software, a calibration of both temperature and pressure can be performed on the ISD4000. The software provides a step by step guide to talk the user through the calibration procedure.



ISD4000 Calibration Block

5.4 Magnetic Calibration

For sensors with integrated AHRS, following final physical installation on the vehicle (or other structure) it is critical that a magnetic calibration is conducted.

The magnetic calibration takes into account all local hard and soft iron artefacts of the vehicle (or other structure the ISD4000 is mounted to). This enables the correction of any heading offsets that permanent magnetic interferers may cause.

If the magnetic calibration is not conducted, the heading will not be correct and will suffer from non-linear movement when rotated. For example, when operating with inertial mode disabled, a 90° physical rotation may only be recognised as an 80° rotation.

To conduct a good magnetic calibration, please complete the following procedure. There is also a video demonstration of this procedure available on the ISD4000 product page of the Impact Subsea website.

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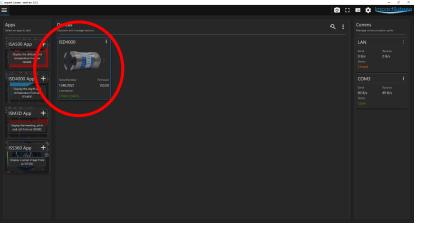
5.4.1 Magnetic Calibration Procedure

Step 1: Ensure that the ISD4000 has been physically installed in a location as free from magnetic interference as possible (away from value packs, thrusters etc).

Step 2: Check that the ISD4000 is mounted securely to the structure ensuring the unit is not able to move independently from the structure.

Step 3: If conducting the magnetic calibration in a workshop, ideally hang the ROV from a crane away from magnetic sources. If conducting the calibration at sea, deploy the ROV and move into open water, away from any structures with a magnetic property (vessel, pipeline etc). **Do not conduct the calibration with the ROV on the vessel.**

Step 4: Run the seaView software, select the ISD4000 application and connect to the ISD4000 unit:



seaView V3.0





seaView V1.9.0

Step 5: Once connected to the ISD4000, go into the ISD4000 settings:



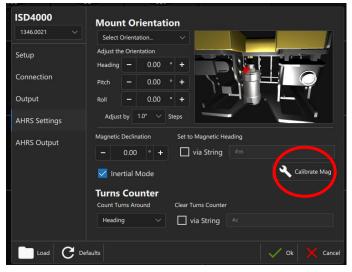
seaView V3.0



seaView V1.9.0

Step 6:

For seaView V3.0 onward: Select 'AHRS Settings' then click on 'Calibrate Mag'

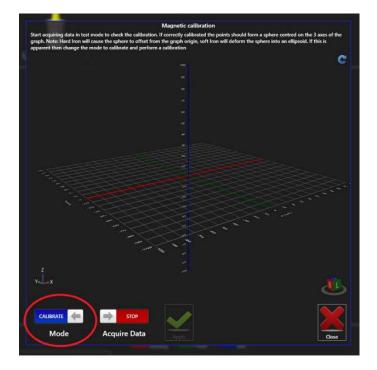


For seaView V1.9.0 and earlier: Click on the 'Calibrate' button to open the calibration window:

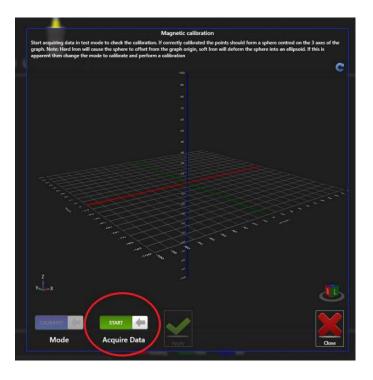


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Step 7: (only required for seaView V1.9.0 and earlier) On the 'Mode' button, click this to change it to 'Calibrate'



Step 8: (only required for seaView V1.9.0 and earlier) On the 'Acquire Data' button change to 'Start'. The calibration process has now begun.

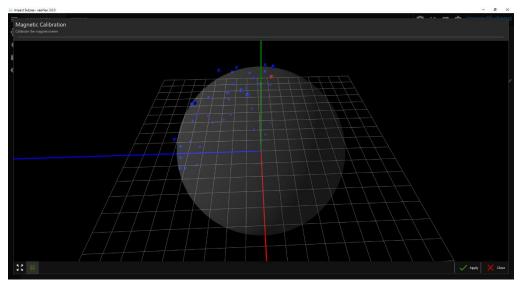


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Step 9: Rotate the ROV through 360 degrees.

Step 10: Keep rotating the ROV through 360 degrees and pitch/roll the ROV as much as is possible.

On screen you will see the sides of a ball forming from a number of dots. Click on the ball to rotate and see if there are any gaps in data. Physically move the ROV to fill this data.



seaView V3.0

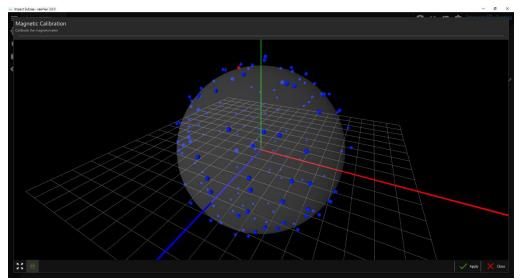


seaView V1.9.0

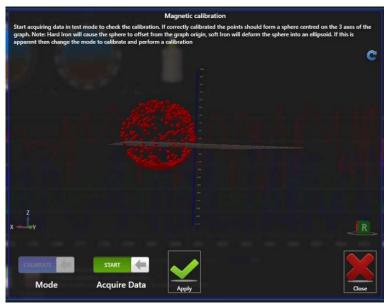
Continue this process, until a good amount of data points are visible on screen. The ideal calibration will result in a complete 3D ball on screen – this may not be achievable with large ROVs, but effort should be made to get as close to this as possible:

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seaView V3.0

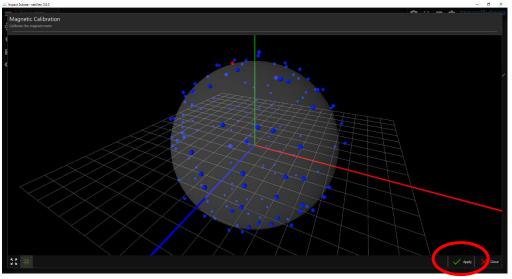


seaView V1.9.0

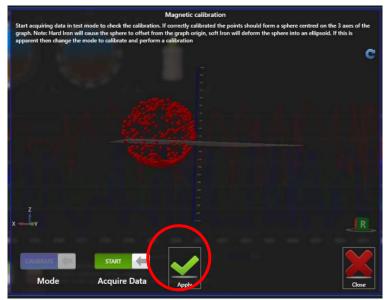
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Step 11: Once you have completed the calibration click 'Apply' to save the calibration to the ISD4000 unit.



seaView V3.0



seaView V1.9.0

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Step 12: Power Cycle the ISD4000 unit.

The ISD4000 will now point to magnetic north and provide good operation. If this is not the case, the magnetic calibration has not been completed to a sufficiently high standard and will require to be conducted again.

If a good calibration cannot be performed, due to lack of movement or excessive magnetic interference, ensure that the unit is set to operate in inertial mode. Power the unit and allow ten seconds for the heading to stabilise.

Once the heading has stabilised, a Heading Offset can be applied. This can be used to correct the heading of the unit to a known true value.

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6.0 ASCII Output Strings

The string IDs below are for ISD4000 firmware version 3.0 and above.

The **number shown in brackets** after the **IDXXX (X)** is the ID of the string in firmware earlier than version 3.0. If there is no number in brackets, the string is only available from firmware version 3.0 onwards.

6.1 Depth

ID123 (1): Impact Subsea Depth, Pressure and Temperature.

\$ISDPT,dddd.ddd,M,ppp.pppp,B,tt.tt,C*xx<CR><LF>

ddd.ddd	depth in meters
ррр.рррр	absolute pressure in Bar
tt.tt	temperature in degrees Celsius
xx	NMEA standard checksum

ID124 (2): Valeport Depth

\$PIPS,dddd.dd,M*xx<CR><LF>

ddd.ddd	depth in meters

xx NMEA standard checksum

ID125 (3): Digiquartz Pressure

*pppppp.pp<CR><LF>

pppppp.pp pressure in psi

ID126 (4): PS-30 Depth and Temperature

SdddEsxxTtttc<CR><LF>

ddd	pressure in bar * 100
S	sign + or -
XX	always set to -2
ttt	temperature in degrees Celsius * 10

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ID127 (5): Depth SDDBS

\$SDDBS,x.xxx,f,y.yyy,M,z.zzz,F*xx <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
x.xxx	Depth in feet	
у.ууу	Depth in meters	
Z.ZZZ	Dept in fathom	

xx NMEA standard checksum

ID128 (6): CDL SR1

H+hhh.hhh,Rarrr.rrr,Pbppp.ppp,HRcg.gggg,RRdi.iiii,PRek.kkkk,Dlllll.lll,DXlmm.mmmm,DY Nnn.nnnn,DZPoo.oooo,MXqrrrr,MYstttt,MZuvvvv,TXwxxx.x,TYyzzz.z,TZ!".""",M£,F\$,C%% %%<CR><LF>

hhh.hhh	Heading in degrees
а	[-] port down / [+] starboard down
rrr.rrr	Roll in degrees
b	[-] bow down / [+] stern down
ррр.ррр	is Pitch in degrees
С	[-] CCW / [+] CW
g.gggg	is rate of turn in rad/s /51.2
d	[-] bow down / [+] stern down
i.iiii	is rate of roll in rad/s /51.2
е	[-] port down / [+] starboard down
k.kkkk	is rate of pitch in rad/s /51.2
.	is pressure in decibar
mm.mmmm	is x-axis change in velocity in m/s (accelerometer data)
nn.nnnn	is y-axis change in velocity in m/s (accelerometer data)
00.0000	is z-axis change in velocity in m/s (accelerometer data)
qrrrr	is x-axis magnetic field in milligauss, with sign r
stttt	is y-axis magnetic field in milligauss, with sign t
υνννν	is z-axis magnetic field in milligauss, with sign v
WXXX.X	is x-axis gyro temperature in degrees celsius, with sign w
yzzz.z	is y-axis gyro temperature in degrees celsius, with sign y
!"""."	is z-axis gyro temperature in degrees celsius, with sign !

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£	is the mode flag
\$	is the fault / status field
%%%%	is the CRC value (hexadecimal)

ID129: Depth, heading, pitch, roll

\$DTHPR, <i>d.ddd,t.tt,h.hh,p.pp,r.rr*xx</i> <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
d.ddd	depth in meters	
t.tt	temperature in degrees Celsius	
h.hh	heading in degrees (0 to 359.9)	
p.pp	pitch in degrees (90.0 to -90.0)	
r.rr	roll in degrees (180.0 to -180.0)	
XX	NMEA standard checksum	

ID130: Pressure * 1000

*0030*p.p*

p.p Pressure in bar * 1000

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6.2 AHRS

ID131 (1): Impact Subsea heading, pitch, roll

\$ISHPR,hhh.h,spp.p,srrr.r*xx<CR><LF>

S	sign + or -
hhh.h	heading in degrees (0 to 359.9)
рр.р	pitch in degrees (90.0 to -90.0)
rrr.r	roll in degrees (180.0 to -180.0)
xx	NMEA standard checksum

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ID132 (2): Impact Subsea quaternion

Quaternions represent the orientation of a 3D body in a 4 dimensional world. This avoids the associated gimbal lock / singular problems with conventional heading, pitch, roll.

\$ISQUA,w,x,y,z*xx<CR><LF>

W	floating point number Q0
x	floating point number Q1
у	floating point number Q2
Ζ	floating point number Q3
XX	NMEA standard checksum

ID133 (4): Impact Subsea Accelerometer, Gyro, Magnetometer

\$ISAGM,a.aaa,a.aaa,a.aaa,g.ggg,g.ggg,g.ggg,m.mmm,m.mmm,m.mmm*xx<CR><LF>

<i>a.aaa</i>	Accelerometer reading: X then Y then Z
g.ggg	Gyroscope reading: X then Y then Z
m.mmm	magnetometer reading: X then Y then Z
XX	NMEA standard checksum

All values are floating point numbers. Sign only shown if negative

Accelerometer data is provided in G

Gyroscope data is provided in degrees per second

Magnetometer data is provided in micro Tesla

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ID134: Impact Subsea heading, pitch, roll, accelerometer, gyro, magnetometer

\$ISALL,hhh.h,spp.p,srrr.r,a.aaa,a.aaa,a.aaa,g.ggg,g.ggg,g.ggg,m.mmm,m.mmm,m.mm m*xx<CR><LF>

5	sign + or -
hhh.h	heading in degrees (0 to 359.9)
рр.р	pitch in degrees (90.0 to -90.0)
rrr.r	roll in degrees (180.0 to -180.0)
a.aaa	Accelerometer reading: X then Y then Z
g.ggg	Gyroscope reading: X then Y then Z
m.mmm	magnetometer reading: X then Y then Z
XX	NMEA standard checksum

ID135: Impact Subsea w,x,y,z,accelerometer, gyro, magnetometer

\$ISQUR,*w,x,y,z,a.aaa,a.aaa,a.aaa,g.ggg,g.ggg,g.ggg,m.mmm,m.mmm,m.mmm*xx*<CR> <LF>

W	floating point number Q0
x	floating point number Q1
у	floating point number Q2
Z	floating point number Q3
a.aaa	Accelerometer reading: X then Y then Z
g.ggg	Gyroscope reading: X then Y then Z
m.mmm	magnetometer reading: X then Y then Z
XX	NMEA standard checksum

ID136 (3): TCM2 compass, pitch, roll

\$Chhh.h,Ppp.p,Rrr.r*xx<CR><LF>

hhh.h	heading in degrees (0 to 359.9)
рр.р	pitch in degrees (90.0 to -90.0)
rr.r	roll in degrees (90.0 to -90.0)
XX	NMEA standard checksum

INNOVATIVE UNDERWATER PRODUCTS

ID137: TOKIMEK2

\$PTVF,appp.ppP,brrr.rrR,hhh.hT,fgg.gPR,hii.iRR,jkk.kAR,Imm.mN,yyyMD,zzzzAL*nn<CR><LF>

а	[-] stern down; [space] bow down
ррр.рр	pitch in degrees (90.00 to -90.00)
b	[-] starboard down; [space] port down
rrr.rr	roll in degrees (90.00 to -90.00)
hhh.h	heading in degrees (0 to 359.9)
f	[-] stern down; [space] bow down
gg.g	rate of pitch in degrees/second
h	[-] starboard down; [space] port down
ii.i	rate of roll in degrees/second
j	[-] counter clock wise [space] clockwise
kk.k	rate of turn (degrees per second)
lmm.m	not used
ууу	not used
ZZZZ	not used
nn	checksum of all in string between (but excluding) \$ and st

INNOVATIVE UNDERWATER PRODUCTS

ID138: Watson

I hhh.hh aggg.g brrr.r cppp.p dggg.g hiii.i 0000.0 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
hhh.	h heading in degrees (0 to 359.99)	
а	[-] heading increasing / [+] heading decreasing	
ggg.	rate of turn in degrees per second	
b	[-] starboard down / [+] port down	
rrr.r	roll in degrees	
С	[-] stern down / [+] bow down	
ppp.	pitch in degrees	
d	[-] port down / [+] starboard down	
ggg.	roll rate in degrees per second	
h	[-] stern down / [+] bow down	
iii.i	pitch rate in degrees per second	

ID139: HEHDT Compass

\$HEHDT,hhh.h,T*xx<CR><LF>

hhh.h	heading in degrees (0 to 359.9)
XX	NMEA standard checksum (note: hex character are capital)

ID140: PRDID Pitch, Roll, Heading

\$PRDID,pp.p,rrr.r,hhh.h*xx<CR><LF>

pp.p	Pitch in degrees (90.0 to -90.0)
rrr.r	Roll in degrees (180.0 to -180.0)
hhh.h	heading in degrees (0 to 359.9)
XX	NMEA standard checksum (note: hex character are capital)

ID141: TSS1

aaaa	Horizontal acceleration
bbbb	Vertical acceleration
rrrrr	Roll in degrees * 100 (9000 to -9000)
ррррр	Pitch in degrees * 100 (9000 to -9000)

INNOVATIVE UNDERWATER PRODUCTS



ID142: CDL TOGS

AH <i>hhh.hh</i> AP <i>bpp.pp</i> AR <i>drrr.rr</i> M <i>f</i> Eggggggg Sx Cyyyy <cr><lf></lf></cr>

hhh.hh	Heading in degrees
b	[-] bow down [+] stern down
рр.рр	Pitch in degrees
d	[-] port down [+] starboard down
rrr.rr	Roll in degrees
f	Mode flag
ggggggg	Cycle Counter
x	Fault field
уууу	CRC value (hexadecimal)

ID143: Micro Tilt

Papp.ppRbrr.rr

а	+ or -
рр.рр	Pitch in degrees
b	+ or –
rr.rr	Roll in degrees

ID144: EM3000

ID145: Seapath

INNOVATIVE UNDERWATER PRODUCTS

7.0 Servicing

The ISD4000 housing is either Acetal or Titanium. Titanium is highly corrosion and impact resistant. The unit is intended to be exceptionally low maintenance.

On a regular basis, the pressure port should be checked and cleaned to ensure salt/silt build-up is minimised.

Following deployment, remove the pressure sensor protective cap locking ring. Once the ring is removed, the protective cap will slide off:



Rinse the pressure and temperature sensor in fresh water until clean. Avoid physically touching the pressure diaphragm. Also avoid pulling on the temperature probe – this is held in place by the protective cap. Should the diaphragm suffer from physical damage, this will void the warranty of the ISD4000 unit:



After cleaning, place the protective cap back on the ISD4000 and secure in place with the locking clip.

INNOVATIVE UNDERWATER PRODUCTS

8.0 Warranty

The ISD4000 is supplied with a Limited Warranty. This warranty applies only to the ISD4000 unit, and only if the ISD4000 is purchased from Impact Subsea Ltd.

What does the limited warranty cover?

This Limited Warranty covers any defects in material or workmanship under normal use during the Warranty Period.

During the Warranty Period, Impact Subsea Ltd will repair or replace, at no charge, products or part of a product that prove defective because of improper material or workmanship under normal use and maintenance.

What will we do to correct the problems?

Impact Subsea Ltd will either replace or repair the Product at no charge, using new or refurbished replacement parts. Replacement or repair is at the discretion of Impact Subsea Ltd.

How long does the coverage last?

The Warranty Period for the ISD4000, purchased from Impact Subsea Ltd, is 1 year from the date of dispatch from Impact Subsea Ltd.

A replacement ISD4000, or part assumes the remaining warranty of the original ISD4000 or 60 days from the replacement or repair, whichever is longer.

What does this limited warranty not cover?

This limited warranty does not cover any problem that is caused by conditions, malfunctions or damage not resulting from the defects in material or workmanship.

What do you have to do?

To obtain a warranty repair of your ISD4000 unit, you must first contact Impact Subsea Support to determine the problem and the most appropriate solution for you.

INNOVATIVE UNDERWATER PRODUCTS

9.0 Technical Support

Should you require technical support for your ISD4000 unit, our Support team can be contacted as follows:

T. +44 (0) 1224 460 850

E. support@impactsubsea.co.uk

W. www.impactsubsea.com

An out of hours emergency number is available via the Impact Subsea website.

Using the above email address will ensure that a multiple engineers are copied into your support request, and will ensure a prompt response.

When contacting our Support team, please provide the following details of the ISD4000:

- Serial Number
- Firmware version
- Software version (if applicable)
- Fault Description
- Remedial action undertaken thus far

Every effort is made to ensure that information within this document is up to date. However, information within this document is subject to change without notice, in-line with our commitment to continuous product development and improvement.